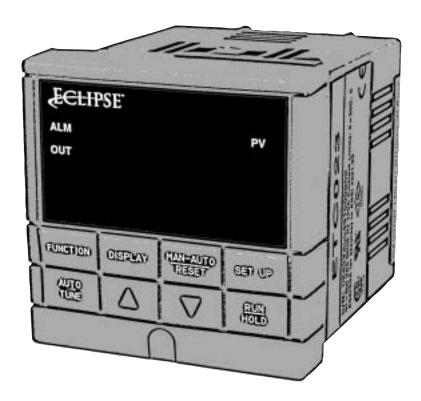
Instruction Manual

No. 909 8/02



Universal Temperature Controller

Model ETC023





Copyright	Copyright 2002 by Eclipse Combustion. All rights reserved worldwide. This publication is protected by federal regulation and shall not be copied, distributed, transmitted, transcribed or translated into any human or computer language, in any form or by any means, to any third parties, without the express written consent of Eclipse Combustion.
DISCLAIMER NOTICE	In accordance with the manufacture's policy of continual product improvement, the product presented in this brochure is subject to change without notice or obligation.
	The material in this manual is believed adequate for the intended use of the product. If the product is used for purposes other than those specified herein, confirmation of validity and suitability must be obtained. Eclipse Combustion warrants that the product itself does not infringe upon any United States patents. Not further warranty is expressed or implied.
LIABILITY AND WARRANTY	We have made every effort to make this manual as accurate and complete as possible. Should you find errors or omissions, please bring them to our attention so that we may correct them. In this way we hope to improve our product documentation for the benefit of our customers. Please send your corrections and comments to our Marketing Communications Manager.
	It must be understood that Eclipse Combustion's liability for its product, whether due to breach of warranty, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise is limited to the furnishing of replacement parts and Eclipse Combustion will not be liable for any other injury, loss, damage or expenses, whether direct or consequential, including but not limited to loss of use, income, or damage to material arising in connection with the sale, installation, use of, inability to use, or the repair or replacement of Eclipse Combustion's products.

About this manual

AUDIENCE	This manual has been written for the people who select and install the product and the technicians who work on it. They are expected to have previous experience with this kind of equipment.
SCOPE	This manual contains essential information for the proper installation and operation of the Eclipse Universal Temperature Controller.
	Following the instructions in this manual should assure trouble free installation and operation. Read this manual carefully. Make sure that you understand its structure and contents. Obey all the safety instructions.
	Do not deviate from any instructions or applications limits in the manual without written consent from Eclipse Combustions.
	If you do not understand any part of the information in this manual, do not continue. Contact your Eclipse sales office or Eclipse Combustion, Rockford, Illinois.
	If you need help, you can contact your local Eclipse Combustion sales office.
HOW TO GET HELP	
	Power Equipment Company
	2011 Williamsburg Road
	Richmond, Virginia 23231 U.S.A.
	Phone: 804-236-3800 Fax: 804-236-3882
	http://www.peconet.com

Symbol Definitions

The following table lists those symbols used in this document to denote certain conditions.

local electrical code requirements.

-				
Symbol	Definition			
<u>^</u>	This CAUTION symbol on the equipment refers the user to the Product Manual for additional information. This symbol appears next to required information in the manual.			
4	WARNING PERSONAL INJURY: Risk of electrical shock. This symbol warns the user of a potential shock hazard where HAZARDOUS LIVE voltages greater than 30 Vrms, 42.4 Vpeak, or 60 VDC may be accessible. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.			
	ATTENTION, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices			
	Protective Earth (PE) terminal. Provided for connection of the protective earth (green or green/yellow) supply system conductor.			
$\bar{\Box}$	Functional earth terminal. Used for non-safety purposes such as noise immunity improvement. NOTE: This connection shall be bonded to protective earth at the source of supply in accordance with national local electrical code requirements.			
<u> </u>	Earth Ground. Functional earth connection. NOTE: This connection shall be bonded to Protective earth at the source of supply in accordance with national and local electrical code requirements.			
\rightarrow	Chassis Ground. Identifies a connection to the chassis or frame of the equipment shall be bonded to Protective Earth at the source of supply in accordance with national and			

Table of contents

1	IN.	TRODUCTION	9
	1.1	Overview	9
	1.2	CE Conformity (Europe)	10
2	IN	STALLATION	11
	2.1	Overview	11
	2.2	Preliminary Checks	11
	2.3	Control and Alarm Relay Contact Information	14
	2.4	Mounting	15
	2.5	Wiring	17
	2.6	Wiring the Controller	19
3	СС	ONFIGURATION	25
	3.1	Overview	25
	3.2	Configuration Procedure	25
	3.3	Steps to Configure a 4 mA to 20mA Output Controller	28
	3.4	Steps to Configure ON-OFF or HIGH-LOW Control	29
	3.5	Steps to Configure Three-Position-Step-Control	30

4	OF	PERATION	32
	4.1	Operator Interface and Key Functions	32
	4.2	Powering Up the Controller	33
	4.3	Monitoring Your Controller	33
	4.4	Startup Procedure for Operation	36
	4.5	Setpoints	37
	4.6	Timer	38
	4.7	Accutune II	39
	4.8	Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression	39
	4.9	Using Two Sets of Tuning Constants	40
	4.10	Alarms	41
	4.11	Three Position Step Control Algorithm	42
	4.12	Setting a Failsafe Output Value for Restart After a Power Loss	43
	4.13	Setting Failsafe Mode	44
	4.14	Entering a Security Code	45
	4.15	Lockout Feature	46
	4.16	Background Tests	47
	4.17	Restore Factory Calibration	48
	4.18	Setpoint Rate	49
	4.19	Setpoint Ramp	50
5	AP	PENDIX A - ENVIRONMENTAL AND OPERATING CONDITIONS	52
6	AP	PENDIX B – PARAMETER CONFIGURATIONS	53
	6.1	Timer Set Up Group	53
	6.2	Tuning Set Up Group	54
	6.3	SP Ramp Set Up Group	56
	6.4	Accutune Set Up Group	
	6.5	Algorithm Set Up Group	58
	6.6	Input 1 Set Up Group	59
	6.7	Control Set Up Group	61
	6.8	Options Set Up Group	63
	6.9	Communications Set Up Group	64
	6.10	Alarms Set Up Group	65
7	AP	PENDIX C - CONFIGURATION RECORD SHEET	66

Tables

Table 2-1	Preliminary Checks	11
Table 2-2	Control Relay Contact Information	14
Table 2-3	Alarm Relay Contact Information	14
Table 2-4	Mounting Procedure	16
Table 2-5	Permissible Wiring Bundling	10
Table 2-6	Universal Output Functionality and Restrictions	18
Table 3-1	Configuration Procedure	
Table 4-1	Annunciators	33
Table 4-2	Lower Display Key Parameter Prompts	34
Table 4-3	Error Messages	_35
Table 4-4	Procedure for Starting Up the Controller	36
Table 4-5	Procedure for Switching Between Setpoints	
Table 4-6	Set Up Procedure	40
Table 4-7	Procedure for Switching PID SETS from the Keyboard	40
Table 4-8	Procedure for Displaying Alarm Setpoints	41
Table 4-9	Procedure for Displaying 3Pstep Motor Position	42
Table 4-10	Procedure for Setting a Failsafe Value	43
Table 4-11	Procedure for Setting a Failsafe Mode	44
Table 4-12	Procedure to Enter a Security Code	_45
Table 4-13	Background Tests	
Table 4-14	Restore Factory Calibration	48
Table 4-15	Running A Setpoint Ramp	50
Table 6-1	TIMER Group (Numeric Code 100) Function Prompts	53
Table 6-2	TUNING Group (Numeric Code 200) Function Prompts	54
Table 6-3	SPRAMP Group (Numeric Code 300) Function Prompts	56
Table 6-4	ATUNE Group (Numeric Code 400) Function Prompts	57
Table 6-5	ALGOR Group (Numeric Code 500) Function Prompts	58
Table 6-6	INPUT1 Group (Numeric Code 600) Function Prompts	59
Table 6-7	CONTRL Group (Numeric Code 800) Function Prompts	61
Table 6-8	Options Group (Numeric Code 900) Function Prompts	63
Table 6-9	Communications Group (Numeric Code 1000)	64
Table 6-10	ALARMS Group (Numeric Code 1100) Function Prompts	65

Figures

Figure 1-1	ETC023 Operator Interface	9
Figure 2-1	Jumper Placements	13
Figure 2-2	Mounting Dimensions (not to scale)	15
Figure 2-3	Mounting Method	16
Figure 2-4	Composite Wiring Diagram	20
Figure 2-5	Mains Power Supply	20
Figure 2-6	Input 1 Connections	21
Figure 2-7	Electromechanical Relay Output	21
Figure 2-8	Current Output Connections	_21
Figure 2-9	3-Position Step Control Connections for Internally Powered Motors	22
Figure 2-10	3-Position Step Control Connections for Externally Powered Motors	_22
Figure 2-11	3-Position Step Connections for Eclipse Rotary Actuator	22
Figure 2-12	Alarm and Duplex Output Connections	_23
Figure 2-13	External Interface Option Connections	23
Figure 2-14	Transmitter Power for 4-20 mA - 2 Wire Transmitter Using Auxiliary Output _	24
Figure 3-1	Prompt Hierarchy	26
Figure 4-1	Operator Interface and Key Functions	32

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

The ETC023 is a microprocessor-based advanced multi-functional controller. It combines reliability and operating simplicity in a cost-effective 1/4-DIN size controller.

The ETC023 monitors and controls temperatures and other variables in applications such as furnaces, ovens, environmental chambers, and other process machinery.

Its features include:

- Universal AC Power Supply,
- Input/Output Isolation,
- Isolated Auxiliary Current Output / Digital Input,
- Timer,
- Accutune II Tuning with Fuzzy Logic Overshoot Suppression,
- Setpoint Ramp/Rate,
- Three Position Step Control,
- Duplex (Heat/Cool).

	ALM 12 OUT 12	88 P 88		FC MA RL	
Ч	FUNCTION	DISPLAY	MAN-AUTO RESET	SET UP	
۲ ۲	AUTO TUNE			RUN HOLD	

Figure 1-1ETC023 Operator Interface

1.2 CE Conformity (Europe)

This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of the following European Council Directives: **73/23/EEC**, the Low Voltage Directive, and **89/336/EEC**, the EMC Directive. Conformity of this product with any other "CE Mark" Directive(s) shall not be assumed.

Product Classification: Class I: Permanently connected, panel-mounted Industrial Control Equipment with protective earthing (grounding). (EN61010-1).

Enclosure Rating: Panel-mounted equipment, IP 00. This controller must be panel-mounted. Terminals must be enclosed within the panel. Front panel IP 65 (IEC 529).

Installation Category (Overvoltage Category): Category II: Energy-consuming equipment supplied from the fixed installation, local level appliances, and Industrial Control Equipment. (EN61010-1)

Pollution Degree: Pollution Degree 2: Normally non-conductive pollution with occasional conductivity caused by condensation. (Ref. IEC 664-1)

EMC Classification: Group 1, Class A, ISM Equipment (EN55011, emissions), Industrial Equipment (EN50082-2, immunity)

Method of EMC Assessment: Technical File (TF)

Declaration of Conformity: 51309602-000

Deviation from the installation conditions specified in this manual, and the special conditions for CE conformity in Section 2.5, may invalidate this product's conformity with the Low Voltage and EMC Directives.

2 Installation

2.1 Overview

Introduction

Installation of the ETC023 consists of mounting and wiring the controller according to the instructions given in this section.

2.2 Preliminary Checks

Introduction

Before you install the controller, remove the chassis and make any preliminary checks necessary as listed in Table 2-1. Figure 2-1 shows the locations for jumper placements.

Check Number	Preliminary Check	Description
1	Input I Jumper Placement	Check the internal jumper for INPUT 1 to make sure it is set for the correct input type. The jumper is located at position S101 on the printed wiring board. Figure 2-1 shows the location of the jumper and position selections. The jumper is factory shipped set to position 1 for thermocouples.
2	Control Relay 1	Check the internal jumper (W101) for CONTROL. The relay is shipped as N.O. (Normally Open). Figure 2-1 shows the location of the jumper and position selections.
		See Table 2-2 for Control Relay contact information.

Table 2-1 Preliminary Checks

Check Number	Preliminary Check	Description
3	Control Relay 2 and Alarm Relay Action.	The controller has been shipped with ALARM relays configured for N.C. (Normally Closed). If you want to change to N.O. refer to Figure 2-1, Jumper positions W201 and W202:
		W201 is the ALARM RELAY 1 jumper.
		W202 is for CONTROL RELAY #2 for Duplex Output or 3 position step control and an ALARM RELAY 2 for all others.
		3 position Step and Time Duplex must have Output 2-jumper (W202) set to N.O. (Normally Open).
		W202 is factory set for N.O.
		See Table 2-2 for Control Relay contact information, and Table 2-3 for Alarm Relay contact information.
		See Alarm Relay Attention Note, Section 2.3.

Jumper Placements

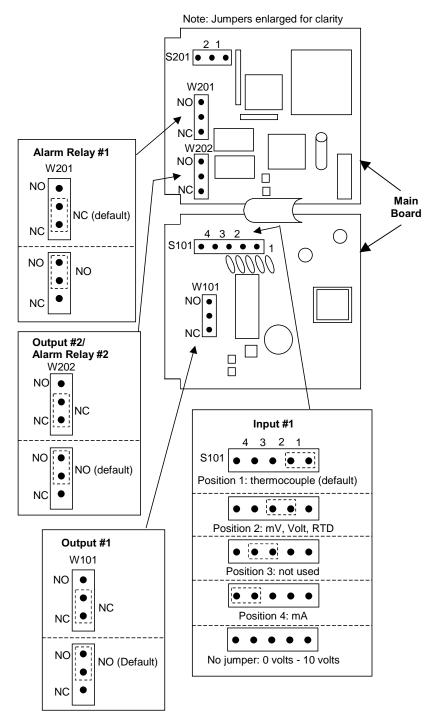


Figure 2-1Jumper Placements

2.3 Control and Alarm Relay Contact Information

Control Relays

Control relays operate in the standard control mode (that is, energized when output state is on).

Unit Power Control Relay Control Relay Wiring Contact		Control Relay Contact	#1 or #2 Output Indicator Status		
Off	N.O.	Open	Off		
	N.C.	Closed			
On	N.O.	Open Closed	Off On		
	N.C.	Closed Open	Off On		

Table 2-2 Control Relay Contact Information

Alarm Relays



Alarm relays are designed to operate in a Failsafe mode (that is, de-energized during alarm state). This results in alarm actuation when power is OFF or when initially applied, until the unit completes self-diagnostics. If power is lost to the unit, the alarms will function.

Unit Power	Relay		OT in Alarm ate	Variable in Alarm State	
	Wiring	Relay Contact	Indicators	Relay Contact	Indicators
Off	N.O.	Open	Off	Open	Off
	N.C.	Closed		Closed	
On	N.O.	Closed	Off	Open	On
	N.C.	Open		Closed	

Table 2-3	Alarm Relay Co	ntact Information
I able Z-J	Alanni Kelay Cu	

2.4 Mounting

Physical Considerations

The controller can be mounted on either a vertical or tilted panel using the mounting kit supplied. Adequate access space must be available at the back of the panel for installation and servicing activities.

- The controller's mounting enclosure must be grounded according to CSA standard C22.2 No. 0.4 or Factory Mutual Class No. 3820 paragraph 6.1.5.
- The front panel is moisture rated NEMA 3/IP65 (IEC) when properly installed with panel gasket.

Overall Dimensions

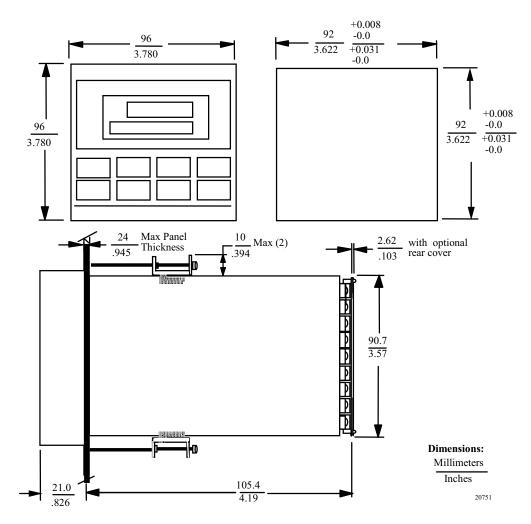


Figure 2-2Mounting Dimensions (not to scale)

Mounting Method

Before mounting the controller, refer to the nameplate on the outside of the case and make a note of the model number. It will help later when selecting the proper wiring configuration.

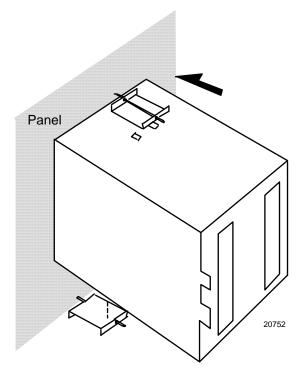


Figure 2-3Mounting Method

Step	Action			
1	Mark and cut out the controller hole in the panel according to the dimension information in Figure 2-2.			
2	Remove the screw cover and loosen the screw on the front of the controller. Pull the chassis out of the case.			
3	Orient the case properly and slide it through the panel hole from the front.			
4	Remove the mounting kit from the shipping container and install the kit as follows:			
	 Install the screws into the threaded holes of the clips. 			
	 Insert the prongs of the clips into the two holes in the top and bottom of the case. 			
	Tighten both screws to secure the case against the panel.			
	• Carefully slide the chassis assembly into the case, press to close, and tighten the screw. Replace the screw cover.			

Table 2-4 Mounting Procedure

2.5 Wiring

Electrical Considerations

The controller is considered "rack and panel mounted equipment" per EN61010-1, Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use, Part 1: General Requirements. Conformity with 72/23/EEC, the Low Voltage Directive requires the user to provide adequate protection against a shock hazard. The user shall install this controller in an enclosure that limits OPERATOR access to the rear terminals.

Mains Power Supply

This equipment is suitable for connection to 90 Vac to 264 Vac, 50/60 Hz, power supply mains. It is the user's responsibility to provide a switch and non-time delay (North America), quick-acting, high breaking capacity, Type F (Europe), 1/2A, 250V fuse(s), or circuit-breaker, as part of the installation. The switch or circuit breaker shall be located in close proximity to the controller, within easy reach of the OPERATOR. The switch or circuit breaker shall be marked as the disconnecting device for the controller.

Controller Grounding

PROTECTIVE BONDING (grounding) of this controller and the enclosure in which it is installed shall be in accordance with National and Local electrical codes. To minimize electrical noise and transients that may adversely affect the system, supplementary bonding of the controller enclosure to a local ground, using a No. 12 (4 mm²) copper conductor, is recommended.

Control/Alarm Circuit Wiring

The insulation of wires connected to the Control/Alarm terminals shall be rated for the highest voltage involved. Extra Low Voltage (ELV) wiring (input, current output, and low voltage Control/Alarm circuits) shall be separated from HAZARDOUS LIVE (>30 Vac, 42.4 Vpeak, or 60 Vdc) wiring per Permissible Wiring Bundling, Table 2-5.

Electrical Noise Precautions

Electrical noise is composed of unabated electrical signals, which produce undesirable effects in measurements and control circuits.

Digital equipment is especially sensitive to the effects of electrical noise. Your controller has built-in circuits to reduce the effect of electrical noise from various sources. If there is a need to further reduce these effects:

• Separate External Wiring—Separate connecting wires into bundles (See Permissible Wiring Bundling - Table 2-5) and route the individual bundles through separate conduit metal trays.

• Use Suppression Devices - For additional noise protection, you may want to add suppression devices at the external source. Appropriate suppression devices are commercially available.

Permissible Wiring Bundling

Bundle No.	Wire Functions		
1	Line power wiring		
	 Earth ground wiring 		
	 Control relay output wiring 		
	 Line voltage alarm wiring 		
2	Analog signal wire, such as:		
	 Input signal wire (thermocouple, 4 mA to 20 mA, etc.) 		
	 4-20 mA output signal wiring 		
	Digital input signals		
3	 Low voltage alarm relay output wiring 		
_	 Low voltage wiring to solid state type control circuits 		

Universal Output Functionality and Restrictions

Table 2-6	Universal (Output Functionalit	y and Restrictions
-----------	-------------	---------------------	--------------------

	Output Position			
Output Type	Relay #1	Relay #2	Relay #3	Current Output
(OUTALG)	(4 - 5)	(9 - 10)	(11 - 12)	(13 - 14)
Time Simplex 1 (RLY)	Output 1	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Optional Use
Time Simplex 2 (RLY2)	N/A	Output 1	Alarm 1	Optional Use
Current Simplex (CUR)	Remove	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Output
Time Duplex (RLYD)	Output 1	Output 2	Alarm 1	Optional Use
3 Position Step (TPSC)	Output 1	Output 2	Alarm 1	Optional Use *1
Current Dup. (CURD)	Remove	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Output *2
Current/Time (CURT)	Remove	Output 1	Alarm 1	Output
Timer/Current (TCUR)	Remove	Output 1	Alarm 1	Output

N/A = The output form or the individual output is <u>Not Available</u> or is not used for this output form.

Optional Use = Auxiliary Output is not needed to provide the desired output function and can be used for another purpose. Auxiliary Output could also be used as a substitute for current Output 1.

Remove = Relay #1 must be removed to prevent rapid cycling (chattering) of the contacts.

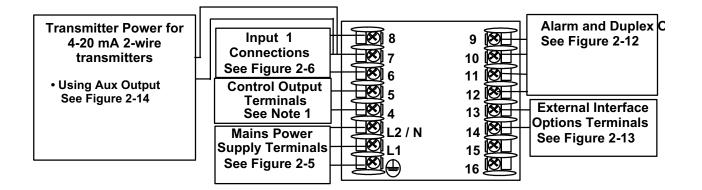
*1 On TPSC: setting AUXOUT to OUT or IN2 will not function and will remain at the 0% value.

*2 Do not use the Current Duplex setting, select CURT or TCUR.

2.6 Wiring the Controller

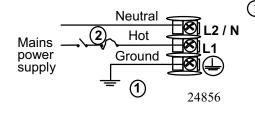
Using the information contained in the model number, select the appropriate wiring diagrams from the composite wiring diagram below. Refer to the individual diagrams listed to wire the controller according to your requirements.

Figure 2-4	Composite Wiring Diagram	20
Figure 2-5	Mains Power Supply	20
Figure 2-6	Input 1 Connections	21
Figure 2-7	Electromechanical Relay Output	21
Figure 2-8	Current Output Connections	21
Figure 2-9	3-Position Step Control Connections for Internally Powered Motors	22
Figure 2-10	3-Position Step Control Connections for Externally Powered Motors	22
Figure 2-11	3-Position Step Connections for Eclipse Rotary Actuator	22
Figure 2-12	Alarm and Duplex Output Connections	23
Figure 2-13	External Interface Option Connections	23
Figure 2-14	Transmitter Power for 4-20 mA - 2 Wire Transmitter Using Auxiliary Output	24



NOTE 1: Electromechanical Relay Output – See Figure 2-7 Current Output Connections – See Figure 2-8 Three Position Step Control Output – See Figures 2-9, 2-10, 2-11

Figure 2-4 Composite Wiring Diagram



 PROTECTIVE BONDING (grounding) of this controller and the enclosure in which it is installed, shall be in accordance with National and Local electrical codes. To minimize electrical noise and transients that may adversely affect the system, supplementary bonding of the controller enclosure to a local ground, using a No. 12 (4 mm²) copper conductor, is recommended. Before powering the controller, see "Preliminary Checks" in this section of the user manual for switch and jumper settings.

(2) Provide a switch and non-time delay (North America), quick-acting, high breaking capacity, type F (Europe), 1/2 A, 250 V fuse(s), or circuit-breaker as part of the installation.



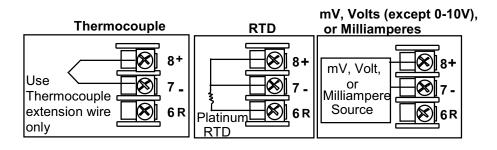


Figure 2-6 Input 1 Connections

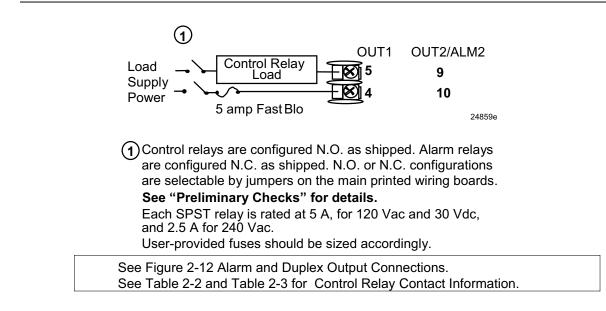
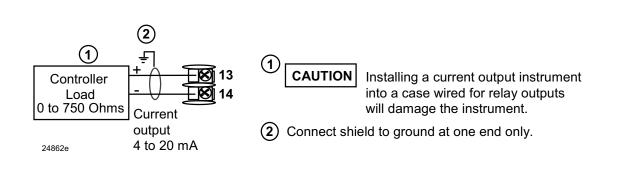


Figure 2-7 Electromechanical Relay Output



See Figure 2-12 Alarm and Duplex Output Connections. See Table 2-2 and Table 2-3 for Control Relay Contact Information

Figure 2-8 Current Output Connections

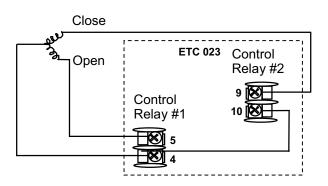


Figure 2-9 3-Position Step Control Connections for Internally Powered Motors

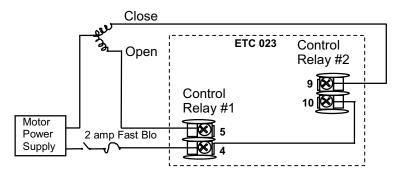


Figure 2-10 3-Position Step Control Connections for Externally Powered Motors

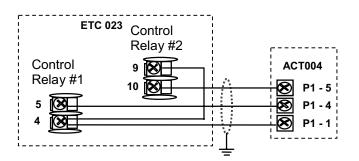


Figure 2-11 3-Position Step Connections for Eclipse Rotary Actuator

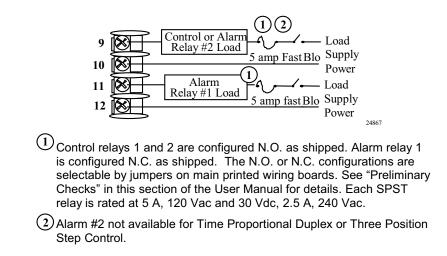


Figure 2-12 Alarm and Duplex Output Connections

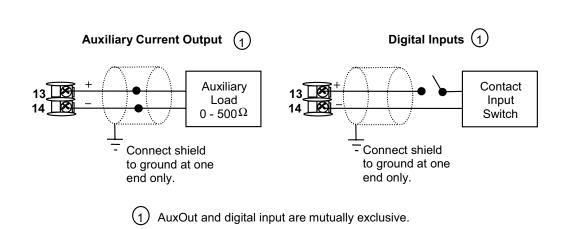


Figure 2-13 External Interface Option Connections

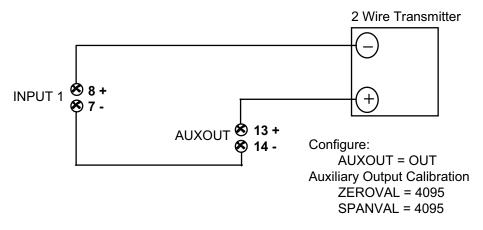


Figure 2-14 Transmitter Power for 4-20 mA - 2 Wire Transmitter Using Auxiliary Output

3 Configuration

3.1 Overview

Introduction

Configuration is a dedicated operation where you use straightforward keystroke sequences to select and establish (configure) pertinent control data best suited for your application.

To assist you in the configuration process, there are prompts that appear in the upper and lower displays. These prompts let you know what group of configuration data (Set Up prompts) you are working with and also, the specific parameters (Function prompts) associated with each group.

Figure 3-1 shows you an overview of the prompt hierarchy as they appear in the controller.

As you will see, the configuration data is divided into 11 main Set Up groups. The status group has no adjustments but shows the continuous background tests that are being performed. Also when enabled prompts for calibration will show within the Set Up Groups.

3.2 Configuration Procedure

Introduction

Each of the Set Up groups and their functions are pre-configured at the factory with default settings. The factory settings are shown in Table 6-1 through Table 6-10 in Section 6 Appendix B and in Section 7 Appendix C.

If you want to change any of these selections or values, follow the procedure in Table 3-1Configuration Procedure. This procedure tells you the keys to press to get to any Set Up group and any associated Function parameter prompt.

Record your selections on the Configuration Record Sheet found in Section 7 – Appendix C.

Set Up Group	Function Prompts
TIMER	TIMER PERIOD START L DISP RESET INCRMT
TUNING	PB or GAIN RATE T I MIN or I RPM MANRST PB 2 or GAIN 2 RATE2T I2 MIN or I2 RPM CYC T1 or CT1 X3
	CYC2T2 SECUR LOCK AUTOMA A TUNE RN HLD SP SL or CT2 X3
SPRAMP	SPRAMP TI MIN FINLSP PVSTRT SPRATE EUHRUP EUHRDN
ATUNE	FUZZY TUNE AT ERR
ALGOR	CTRALG OUTALG RLY TYP
INPUT1	
CONTRL	
CONTRE	ACTION OUT HI OUT LO D BAND HYST FAILSF FSMODE PBorGN MINRPM
OPTION	AUXOUT 0 PCT 100 PCT DIG IN DI COM
СОМ	COMSTA (DIS)
ALARMS	★ A1S1VA A1S2VA A2S1VA A2S2VA A1S1TY A1S2TY A2S1TY A2S2TY
	A1S1HL A1S1EV A1S2HL A1S2EV A2S1HL A2S1EV A2S2HL A2S2EV
STATUS	VERSON FAILSF TESTS

Figure 3-1Prompt Hierarchy

Procedure



The prompting scrolls at a rate of 2/3 seconds when the **SET UP** or **FUNCTION** key is held in. Also, $[\blacktriangle]$ [\checkmark] [\checkmark] keys will move group prompts forward or backward at a rate twice as fast.

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Enter Set Up	SET UP	Upper Display = SET
	Mode		<i>Lower Display</i> = TIMER (This is the first Set Up Group title)
2	Select any Set Up Group	SET UP	Sequentially displays the other Set Up group titles.
			You can also use the $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\blacktriangledown]$ keys to scan the Set Up groups in both directions. Stop at the Set Up group title that describes the group of parameters you want to configure. Then proceed to the next step.
3	Select a Function	FUNCTION	<i>Upper Display</i> = the current value or selection for the first function prompt of the selected Set Up group.
Parameter	Parameter		<i>Lower Display</i> = the first Function prompt within that Set Up group.
			Sequentially displays the other function prompts of the Set Up group you have selected. Stop at the function prompt that you want to change, then proceed to the next step.
4	Change the Value or Selection	[▲] [▼]	Increments or decrements the value or selection that appears for the selected function prompt. If you change the value or selection of a parameter while in Set Up mode then decide not to enter it, press [MAN- AUTO/RESET] once—the original value or selection is recalled.
5	Enter the Value or Selection	FUNCTION	Enters value or selection made into memory after another key is pressed.
6	Exit Configuration	DISPLAY	Exits configuration mode and returns controller to the same state it was in immediately preceding entry into the Set Up mode. It stores any changes you have made.
			If you do not press any keys for 30 seconds, the controller times out and reverts to the mode and display used prior to entry into Set Up mode.

Table 3-1 Configuration Procedure

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Enter Set Up	SET UP	Upper Display = SET; press sequentially until
	Mode and Select ALGOR		Lower Display = ALGOR
	Set Up Group		Note: you can also use the [▲] [▼] keys to scan the Set Up groups in both directions.
2	Select CTRALG	FUNCTION	<i>Upper Display</i> = the current value
	Function Parameter		Lower Display = CTRALG
3	Set to	[▲] [▼]	<i>Upper Display</i> = PIDA (PIDB & PDMR are valid also)
	Proportional Control Mode		Lower Display = CTRALG
4	Select OUTALG	FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Function Parameter		Lower Display = OUTALG
5	Set to Relay	[▲] [▼]	Upper Display = RLY
	Output Type		Lower Display = OUTALG
			Note: current output is configured in the OPTIONS group below.
6	Select Relay	Relay FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Туре		Lower Display = RLYTYP
7	Set to		Upper Display = MECH
	Mechanical Relay type		Lower Display = RLYTYP
8	Select OPTION		Press sequentially until
	Set Up Group		Lower Display = OPTION
9	Set to Auxiliary	FUNCTION	Upper Display = DIS
	Output		Lower Display = AUXOUT
			Note: if the Lower Display shows DIG IN instead of AUXOUT, press the Up/Down keys until the Upper Display shows NONE.
10	Set Auxiliary	[▲] [▼]	Upper Display = OUT
	Output to follow the Output Value		Lower Display = AUXOUT
11	Verify 0 percent	FUNCTION	Upper Display = 0.0
			Lower Display = 0 PCT

3.3 Steps to Configure a 4 mA to 20mA Output Controller

Step	Operation	Press	Result
			Note: use the Up/Down keys to adjust if necessary
12	12 Verify 100 percent	FUNCTION	Upper Display =100.0
			<i>Lower Display</i> = 100PCT
			Note: use the Up/Down keys to adjust if necessary
13	Exit Configuration	DISPLAY	Exits configuration mode and returns controller to the same state it was in immediately preceding entry into the Set Up mode. It stores any changes you have made.

3.4 Steps to Configure ON-OFF or HIGH-LOW Control

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Enter Set Up		Upper Display = SET ; press sequentially until
	Mode and Select ALGOR		Lower Display = ALGOR
	Set Up Group		Note: you can also use the $[\blacktriangle]$ $[\triangledown]$ keys to scan the Set Up groups in both directions.
2	Select CTRALG	FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Function Parameter		Lower Display = CTRALG
3	Set to On-Off	[▲] [▼]	Upper Display = ONOF
	Control Mode		Lower Display = CTRALG
4	Select OUTALG	LG FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Function Parameter		Lower Display = OUTALG
5	Set to Relay	[▲] [▼]	Upper Display = RLY
	Output Type		Lower Display = OUTALG
6	Select Relay	t Relay FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Туре		<i>Lower Display</i> = RLYTYP
7	Set to	[▲] [▼]	<i>Upper Display</i> = MECH
	Mechanical Relay type		Lower Display = RLYTYP
8	Exit Configuration	DISPLAY	Exits configuration mode and returns controller to the same state it was in immediately preceding entry into the Set Up mode. It stores any changes you have made.

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Enter Set Up Mode and Select ALGOR	SET UP	Upper Display = SET ; press sequentially until Lower Display = ALGOR
	Set Up Group		Note: you can also use the [▲] [▼] keys to scan the Set Up groups in both directions.
2	Select CTRALG	FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Function Parameter		Lower Display = CTRALG
3	Set to 3-	[▲] [▼]	Upper Display = TPSC
	Position-Step Control Mode		Lower Display = CTRALG
4	Verify OUTALG	FUNCTION	Upper Display = TPSC
	Function Parameter		Lower Display = OUTALG
5	Select TUNING	SET UP	<i>Upper Display</i> = SET ; press sequentially until
	Set Up Group		Lower Display = TUNING
6	Select LOCK Function	FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Parameter		Lower Display = LOCK
7	Enable	[▲] [▼]	Upper Display = NONE
	Calibration Menu		Lower Display = LOCK
8	Select CAL	SET UP	Upper Display = CAL; press sequentially until
	TPSC Set Up Group		Lower Display = TPSC
9	Select Motor	FUNCTION	Upper Display = the current value
	Time Function Parameter		Lower Display = MTR TI
10	Set Actuator	[▲] [▼]	Upper Display = set value in seconds
	Motor Travel Time		Lower Display = MTR TI
11	Select TUNING	SET UP	Upper Display = SET; press sequentially until
	Set Up Group		Lower Display = TUNING
12	Select LOCK	FUNCTION	<i>Upper Display</i> = NONE (the current value)
	Function Parameter		Lower Display = LOCK

3.5 Steps to Configure Three-Position-Step-Control

Step	Operation	Press	Result
13	Disable Calibration Menu	[▲] [♥]	Upper Display = CAL
			Lower Display = LOCK
			Note: any other selection besides NONE will prevent access to instrument calibration settings.
14	Exit Configuration	DISPLAY	Exits configuration mode and returns controller to the same state it was in immediately preceding entry into the Set Up mode. It stores any changes you have made.

4 Operation

4.1 Operator Interface and Key Functions

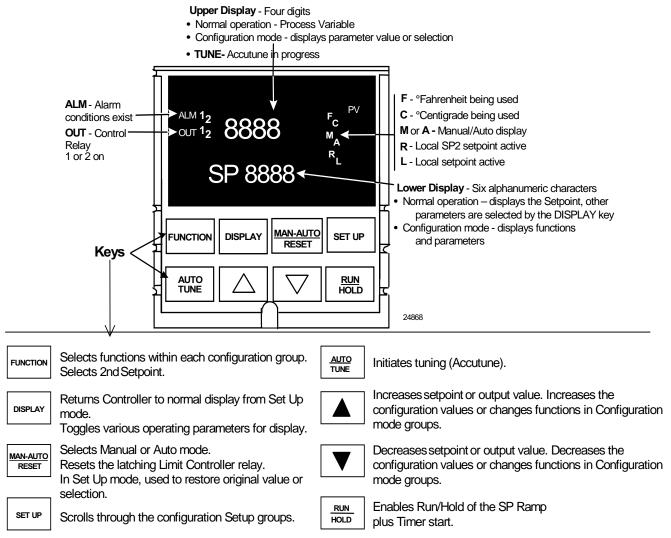


Figure 4-1Operator Interface and Key Functions

Key Error Message

When a key is pressed and the prompt KEYERR appears in the lower display, it will be for one of the following reasons:

- parameter is not available,
- not in Set Up mode, press SET UP key first,
- key malfunction.

4.2 Powering Up the Controller

Apply Power

When power is applied, the controller will run three diagnostic tests. After these tests are completed, "TEST DONE" is displayed.

Test Failures

If one or more of these tests fail, the controller will go to the Failsafe Manual Mode, and FAILSF will flash in the lower display and a message indicating which test failed will appear in the lower display. Then, "DONE" will appear in the lower display.

4.3 Monitoring Your Controller

Annunciators

The following annunciator functions have been provided to help monitor the controller:

Annunciator	Indication
ALM 1 2	A visual indication of each alarm
	Blinking 1 indicates alarm latched and needs to be acknowledged before extinguishing when the alarm condition ends
OUT 1 2	A visual indication of the control relays
A or M	A visual indication of the mode of the controller
	A—Automatic Mode M—Manual Mode
F or C	A visual indication of the temperature units
	F—Degrees Fahrenheit C—Degrees Celsius
L or R	A visual indication of setpoint being used
	L— Local Setpoint is active R—LSP 2 is active
	The upper display is used to show other annunciator functions TUNE —Accutuning in progress

Table 4-1 Annunciators

Viewing the operating parameters

Press the **DISPLAY** key to scroll through the operating parameters listed in Table 4-2. The lower display will show only those parameters and their values that apply to your specific settings.

Ia	ble 4-2 Lower Display Key Parameter Prompts		
Lower Display	Description		
ОТ	OUTPUT—Output value is percent; for Three Position Step control, this is an estimated motor position.		
SP	LOCAL SETPOINT #1—Also current setpoint when using SP Ramp.		
2L	LOCAL SETPOINT #2		
DE	DEVIATION—Maximum negative display is –999.9.		
PIDSX	TUNING PARAMETER SELECTED SET—where X is either 1 or 2.		
FD 0.00	TIME REMAINING—Time that remains on timer in Hours:Minutes		
<u>t</u> D 0.00	ELAPSED TIME—Time that has elapsed on timer in Hours:Minutes.		
RPXXXM	SETPOINT RAMP TIME—Time remaining in the setpoint ramp in minutes.		
AX	AUXILIARY OUTPUT—Same as OT for standard 4-20mA output		
Sn	SP RATE SETPOINT—Current setpoint for setpoint rate applications		
BI	BIAS—Displays the manual reset value for algorithm PD+MR.		

 Table 4-2
 Lower Display Key Parameter Prompts

Diagnostic Error Messages

The ETC023 performs background tests to verify data and memory integrity. If there is a malfunction, an error message will be displayed. In the case of more than one simultaneous malfunction, the messages will be displayed sequentially on the lower display.

Prompt	Description
EE FAIL	Unable to write to nonvolatile memory.
IN1FL	Two consecutive failures of input 1 integration.
CFGERR	Configuration Errors—Low limit greater than high limit for PV, SP, Reset, or Output.
IN1RNG	Input 1 Out-of-Range
PV LIM	PV Out-of-Range PV = (PV source x PV source ratio) + PV source bias
FAILSF	Failsafe—Check inputs or configuration.
LOCK	The Lockout feature has been enabled to prevent unauthorized changes of certain functions or parameters.

4.4 Start Up Procedure for Operation

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Manual Mode	MAN/AUTO RESET	Until "M" indicator is ON. The controller is in manual mode.
2	Adjust the Output	[▲] [▼]	To adjust the output value and ensure that the final control element is functioning correctly.
			Upper Display = PV Value
			Lower Display = OT and the output value in %
3	Tune the Controller	SET UP	Make sure the controller has been configured properly and all the values and selections have been recorded on the Configuration Record Sheet.
			Refer to Tuning Set Up group to ensure that the selections for PB or GAIN, RATE T, and I MIN, or I RPM have been entered.
			Use Accutune to tune the controller; see the procedure in this section.
4	Enter the Local Setpoint	DISPLAY	Upper Display = Pv Value
			Lower Display = SP and the Local Setpoint Value
		[▲] [▼]	to adjust the local setpoint to the value at which you want the process variable maintained.
			The local setpoint cannot be changed if the Setpoint Ramp function is running.
5	Select Automatic Mode	MAN/AUTO RESET	Until " A " indicator is ON. The controller is in Automatic mode.
			The controller will automatically adjust the output to maintain the process variable at setpoint.

Table 4-4 Procedure for Starting Up the Controller

4.5 Setpoints

Introduction

You can configure the following setpoints for the ETC023 controller.

- A Single Local Setpoint (SP)
- 2 Local Setpoints (L, R)

Switching between setpoints

You can switch between two Local setpoints when configured.

Step	Operation	Press	Result	
1	Select the	FUNCTION	To switch between the 2 Local Setpoints (L and R)	
	Setpoint		ATTENTION "KEY ERROR" will appear in the lower display, if:	
			 the 2nd local setpoint is not configured as a setpoint source 	
			 you attempt to change the setpoint while a setpoint ramp is enabled, or 	
			 if you attempt to change the setpoint with the setpoint select function key disabled. 	

Table 4-5 Procedure for Switching Between Setpoints

4.6 Timer

Introduction

The Timer provides a configurable Time-out period of from 0 to 99 hours:59 minutes or 0 to 99 minutes:99 seconds.

Timer "Start" is selectable as either the **RUN/HOLD** key or Alarm 2.

The Timer display can be either "Time Remaining" or "Elapsed Time".

Configuration check

Make sure:

- TIMER is enabled
- A TIMEOUT period has been selected (in hours and minutes or minutes and seconds)
- A TIMER FUNCTION START has been selected (KEY or AL2)
- A TIMER display has been selected (Time remaining or Elapsed time)
- A timer increment selected
- Timer reset selected

Refer to Section 6.1 for details.

Viewing Times

The times are viewed on the lower display as follows:

TIME REMAINING	will show as a <i>decreasing</i> Hrs:Min value (HH:MM) or Min:Sec value (MM:SS) plus a <i>counterclockwise</i> rotating clock face.
ELAPSED TIME	will show as an <i>increasing</i> Hrs:Min value(HH:MM) or Min:Sec value (MM:SS) plus a <i>clockwise</i> rotating clock face.

Operation

When the Timer is enabled (**RUN/HOLD** key or ALARM 2), it has exclusive control of Alarm 1 relay.

At "TIME-OUT":

- Alarm 1 is active
- The clock character has stopped moving
- The Time display shows either 00:00 or the time-out period depending on the configuration selection
- The Timer is ready to be reset.

At "RESET":

- Alarm 1 relay is inactive
- The time display shows the time-out period
- The time-out period can be changed at this time using the \blacktriangle or \triangledown keys.
- The Timer is ready to be activated.

4.7 Accutune II

Operation

"TUNE" (Accutune II) algorithm provides foolproof, trouble-free on-demand tuning in the ETC023 controller. No knowledge of the process is required at start-up. The operator simply initiates the tuning while in the automatic mode.

The ETC023 controller immediately starts controlling to the setpoint while it identifies the process, calculates the tuning constants and enters them into the Tuning group, and begins PID control with the correct tuning parameters. This works with any process, including integrating type processes, and allows retuning at a fixed setpoint.

The tuning sequence will cycle the controller's output two full cycles between 0% and 100% (or low and high output limits) while allowing only a very small Process Variable change above and below the SP during each cycle. "TUNE" flashes in the upper display until tuning is completed.

After "TUNE" has been enabled:

Start Tuning by pushing the AUTOTUNE key while in Automatic control mode.

To abort Accutune and return to the last previous operation (SP or output level), press **MAN-AUTO/RESET** key to abort the Accutune process.

Completing Accutune

When Accutune is complete, the calculated tuning parameters are stored in their proper memory location in the controller, and the controller will control at the local setpoint using the newly calculated tuning constants.

4.8 Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression

Introduction

Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression minimizes Process Variable overshoot following a setpoint change or a process disturbance. This is especially useful in processes which experience load changes or where even a small overshoot beyond the setpoint may result in damage or lost product.

Configuration

To configure this item, refer to Section 3 – Configuration and Section 6.4 – Set Up Group "ATUNE" Function Prompt "FUZZY" Select "ENAB"(enable) or "DIS" (disable) Use ▲ or ▼.

4.9 Using Two Sets of Tuning Constants

Introduction

You can use two sets of tuning constants for single output types and choose the way they are to be switched (Does not apply for Duplex control). See Table 4-6.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Step	Operation	Press	Action		
1	Select Tuning Set Up Group	SET UP	until you see TUNING in the Lower Display		
2	Select the tuning constants	FUNCTION	to successively display the available constants in the Lower Display. The value is displayed in the Upper Display		
3		[▲] [▼]	To change the value of any of the above listed prompts in the lower display.		

Table 4-6 Set Up Procedure

Switch between two sets via keyboard (without automatic switch-over)

Table 4-7 Procedure for Switching PID SETS from the Keyboard

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Control Set-up Group	DISPLAY	Until you see: <i>Upper Display</i> = (the PV value)
			Lower Display = PIDS X(X= 1 or 2)
2		[▲] [▼]	To change PID SET 1 to PID SET2 or Vice Versa.
			You can use Accutune on each set.

4.10 Alarms

Introduction

An alarm consists of a relay contact and an operator interface indication. The alarm relay is de-energized if setpoint 1 or setpoint 2 is exceeded.

The alarm relay is energized when the monitored value goes into the allowed region by more than the hysteresis (ALHYST).

The relay contacts can be wired for normally open (NO) energized or normally closed (NC) de-energized using internal jumper placement. See Table 2-3 Alarm Relay Contact Information.

There are four alarm setpoints, two for each alarm. The alarm type and state (High or Low) is selected during configuration. There are several alarm types that can be selected for each alarm setpoint.

Alarm Setpoints Display

Step	Operation	Press	Action	
1	Access the Alarm Set Up group	SET UP	until you see ALARMS in the Lower Display.	
2	Access the Alarm Setpoint Values	FUNCTION	to successively display the alarm setpoints and their values.	
		[▲] [▼]	to change any alarm setpoint value you select in the upper display.	
3	Return to normal operation	DISPLAY		

Table 4-8 Procedure for Displaying Alarm Setpoints

4.11 Three Position Step Control Algorithm

Introduction

The Three Position Step Control algorithm allows the control of a valve (or other actuator) with an electric motor driven by two controller output relays; one to move the motor upscale, the other to move it downscale, without a feedback slidewire linked to the motor shaft.

Estimated Motor Position

The Three-Position Step control algorithm provides an output display ("OT") which is an estimated motor position since the motor is not using any feedback.

- although this output indication is only accurate to a few percent, it is corrected each time the controller drives the motor to one of its stops (0% or 100%).
- it avoids all the control problems associated with the feedback slidewire (wear, dirt, and noise).
- when operating in this algorithm, the estimated "OT" display is shown to the nearest percent (that is, no decimal).

Motor Position Display

 Table 4-9 Procedure for Displaying 3Pstep Motor Position

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Access the Displays	DISPLAY	Until you see: <i>Upper Display</i> = PV
			Lower Display = OT (The estimated motor position in %)

4.12 Setting a Failsafe Output Value for Restart After a Power Loss

Introduction

If the power to the controller fails and power is reapplied, the controller goes through the power up tests, then goes to a user configured FAILSAFE OUTPUT VALUE.

Set a Failsafe Value

Step	Operation	Press	Result	
1	Select Control Set-up Group	SET UP	Until you see: <i>Upper Display</i> = SET	
			Lower Display = CONTRL	
2	Select Failsafe Function Prompt	FUNCTION	You will see: Upper Display = (range) within the range of the Output 0 to 100 for all output types except 3 Position Step 3 Position Step 0 = motor goes to closed position 100 = motor goes to open position	
			Lower Display = FAILSF	
3	Select a value	[▲] [▼]	To select a Failsafe output value in the upper display	
4	Return to Normal Display	DISPLAY	At power up, the output will go to the value set.	

Table 4-10 Procedure for Setting a Failsafe Value

4.13 Setting Failsafe Mode

Introduction

You can set the Failsafe Mode to be Latching or Non-Latching.

Set Failsafe Mode

Table 4-11	Procedure	for Setting	a Failsafe Mo	bde

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Control Set-up Group	SET UP	Until you see: <i>Upper Display</i> = SET
			Lower Display = CONTRL
2	Select Failsafe Function Prompt	FUNCTION	You will see: <i>Upper Display</i> = LACH (Controller goes to manual and output goes to Failsafe value) NO L (controller mode does not change and output goes to Failsafe value)
			Lower Display = FSMODE
3	Select a value	[▲] [▼]	To select a Failsafe mode in the upper display.
4	Return to Normal Display	DISPLAY	At power up, the output will go to the value set.

4.14 Entering a Security Code

The level of keyboard lockout may be changed in the Set Up mode. However, knowledge of a security code number (0 to 4095) may be required to change from one level of lockout to another. When a controller leaves the factory, it has a security code of 0, which permits changing from one lockout level to another without entering any other code number.

If you require the use of a security code, select a number from 0001 to 4095 and enter it when the lockout level is configured as NONE. Thereafter, that selected number must be used to change the lockout level from something other than NONE.

CAUTION Write the number on the Configuration Record Sheet in Section 7 - Appendix C so you will have a permanent record.

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Enter Set Up SE		Upper Display = SET UP
	Mode		Lower Display = TUNING
2	Select any Set	FUNCTION	Upper Display = 0
	Up Group		Lower Display = SECUR
3	Security Code Entry	[▲] [▼]	To enter a four digit number in the upper display (0001 to 4095)
			This will be your security code.

 Table 4-12
 Procedure to Enter a Security Code

4.15 Lockout Feature

Introduction

The lockout feature in the ETC023 is used to inhibit changes (via keyboard) of certain functions or parameters by unauthorized personnel.

Lockout levels

There are different levels of Lockout depending on the level of security required. These levels are:

- NONE No Lockout.
- CAL Calibration prompts are locked out.
- CONF Timer, Tuning, SP Ramp, and Accutune are Read/Write. All other Setup groups are Read only. Calibration Group is not available.
- VIEW Timer, Tuning, and SP Ramp are Read/Write. No other parameters are available.
- ALL Timer, Tuning, and SP Ramp are Read only. No other parameters are viewable.

Security Code (See previous section)

Individual key lockout

There are four keys that can be disabled to prevent unauthorized changes to the parameters associated with these keys. *First set the "Lock" prompt to NONE.*

These keys are:

AUTOTUNE	Key -	you can disable the Autotune key at configuration Set up, group prompt Tuning", function prompt "A TUNE"
RUN/HOLD	Key -	you can disable the Run/Hold key for Set Point Programming at configuration Set Up group prompt "Tuning," function prompt "RN HLD"
AUTO/MAN	Key -	you can disable the Auto/Manual key at configuration Set Up, group prompt "Tuning", function prompt "AUTOMA"
FUNCTION I	Key -	you can disable the Set Point Select function key at configuration Set Up group prompt "Tuning," function prompt "SP SEL"

See section 6.2- Tuning Parameters Set Up Group prompts to enable or disable these keys.

4.16 Background Tests

Introduction

The ETC023 performs ongoing background tests to verify data and memory integrity. If there is a malfunction, an error message will be displayed (blinking) in the lower display. In the case of simultaneous malfunctions, the messages will appear in sequence in the lower display. Table 4-13 lists these background tests, the reason for their failure, and how to correct the problem.

Lower Display	Reason for Failure	How to Correct the Problem
E FAIL	Unable to write to non-volatile memory. Anytime you change a parameter and it is not accepted, you will see E FAIL.	 Check the accuracy of the parameter and re- enter. Try to change something in configuration. Run through Read STATUS tests to re-write to EEPROM.
FAILSF	 This error message shows whenever the controller goes into a failsafe mode of operation. This will happen if: RAM test failed Configuration test failed Calibration test failed Burnout configured for none and the input failed. 	 Run through STATUS check to determine the reason for the failure. Press the SET UP key until STATUS appears in the lower display. Press the FUNCTION key to see whether the tests pass or fail, then run through the STATUS codes a second time to see if the error cleared.
IN1RNG	Input 1 out of range. The process input is outside the range limits.	 Make sure the range and actuation are configured properly. Check the input source (wiring, EMI). Restore the factory calibration (see Section 4.17) or field calibrate.
IN1_FL	 Two consecutive failures of input 1 integration. i.e., cannot make analog to digital conversion. This will happen if: Upscale or Downscale burnout is selected Input not configured correctly 	 Make sure the actuation is configured correctly. <i>See Section 7.6.</i> Make sure the input is correct. Check for gross over-ranging. Check S101 jumper position. See Figure 2-1 Jumper Placements Restore factory calibration. See Section 4.17
CNFERR	 PV low limit is > PV high limit SP low limit is > SP high limit Output low limit > Output high limit 	1. Check the configuration for each item and reconfigure if necessary.

Table 4-13 Background Tests

Lower Display	Reason for Failure	How to Correct the Problem	
PV LIM	PV out of range. PV = INP1 x RATIO1+ INP1 BIAS	 Make sure the input signal is correct. Recheck the calibration. 	
		 Make sure the Ratio and Bias settings are correct. Use Bias of 0.0 	

4.17 Restore Factory Calibration

Introduction

The factory calibration constants for all the input actuation types that can be used with the controller are stored in its nonvolatile memory. Thus, you can quickly restore the "Factory Calibration" for a given input actuation type by simply changing the actuation type to another type and then changing it back to the original type. Refer to Table 4-14 for procedure.



A restored factory calibration overwrites any previous field calibration done for the input and may change the High and Low Range Limits.

Be sure to protect any field calibration from accidental overwrites by configuring the appropriate LOCKOUT selection after calibration.

See Section 4.15 for specific instructions to set the lockout.

			,
Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Set LOCKOUT to NONE	SET UP	until you see: Upper Display = SET UP Lower Display = TUNING
		FUNCTION	Until you see:
			Upper Display = one of the following: NONE – all parameters are read/write CAL – all parameters are read/write except Calibration CONF – configuration parameters are Read Only; no writes permitted VIEW – Tuning and Setpoint Ramp parameters are read/write. No other parameters can be viewed. ALL – Tuning and Setpoint Ramp parameters are available for read only. No other parameters can be viewed. Lower Display = LOCK
		[▲] [▼]	Until NONE is in the upper display

Table 4-14 Restore Factory Calibration

Step	Operation	Press	Result
2	Enter INPUT 1 Setup Group	SET UP	until you see: <i>Upper Display</i> = SET UP <i>Lower Display</i> = INPUT 1
		FUNCTION	until you see: <i>Upper Display</i> = the current selection <i>Lower Display</i> = INxTYP
		[▲] [▼]	to change the current selection to another selection
3	Scroll through Functions	FUNCTION	until the lower display rolls through the rest of the functions and returns to:
			Upper Display = the new selection Lower Display = INxTYP
		[▲] [▼]	until you change the input selection in the upper display back to the proper selection. You will see:
			<i>Upper Display</i> = Original Input Selection that matches your type of sensor. <i>Lower Display</i> = INxTYP
4	Return to Normal Operation	DISPLAY	to return to Normal operating mode.

4.18 Setpoint Rate

Introduction

When you have configured a SETPOINT RATE, it will apply immediately to local setpoint change.

Configuration check

Make sure:

- SPRATE is enabled
- SPRAMP is disabled
- A Rate Up (EUHRUP) or Rate Down (EUHRDN) value has been configured in Engineering units per hour.

ATTENTION: A value of 0 will imply an immediate change in setpoint, that is, NO RATE applies. See Subsection 6.3 – Configuration group "SPRAMP" for details.)

Operation

When a change to local setpoint is made, this controller will ramp from the original setpoint to the "target" setpoint at the rate specified.

The current setpoint value can be viewed at Sn on the lower display.

Power outages

If power is lost before the "target" setpoint is reached, upon power recovery, the controller powers up with Sn = Current PV value and it automatically "Restarts" from Sn = current PV value up to the original "target" setpoint.

4.19 Setpoint Ramp

Introduction

When you have configured a SETPOINT RAMP, the ramp will occur between the current local setpoint and a final local setpoint over a time interval of from 1 to 255 minutes. You can RUN or HOLD the ramp at any time.

Configuration Check

Make sure

- SPRAMP is enabled
- SP RATE is disabled
- A Ramp Time (TIMIN) in minutes has been configured
- A final setpoint value (FINLSP) has been configured. See section 6.3 Configuration group "SPRAMP" for details.

Operation

Running a Setpoint Ramp includes starting, holding, viewing the ramp, ending the ramp and disabling it. See Table 4-15.

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1			"A" indicator is on.
	Automatic Mode		<i>Upper Display</i> = Hold and PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = SP and Present value
2 Set Start		DISPLAY	Until start SP value is in lower display
	Setpoint		<i>Upper Display</i> = Hold and PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = SP and start SP value

Table 4-15 Running A Setpoint Ramp

Step	Operation	Press	Result
3	Start the Ramp	RUN/HOLD	You will see <i>Upper Display</i> = Run and a changing PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = SP and a changing SP value increasing or decreasing toward a final SP value
4	Hold/Run the Ramp	RUN/HOLD	This holds the ramp at the current setpoint value. Press again to continue.
5	View the remaining ramp time	DISPLAY	Until you see <i>Upper Display</i> = RUN or HOLD and the PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = RP xx HH.MM (time remaining)
6	End the Ramp		When the final setpoint is reached, "RUN" changes to "HOLD" in the upper display and the controller operates at the new final setpoint.
7	Disable SPRAMP		See Section 6.3 – Configuration group "SPRAMP" for details.

Power Outage

If power is lost during a ramp, upon power-up the controller will be in HOLD and the setpoint value will be the setpoint value prior to the beginning of the setpoint ramp. The ramp is placed in hold at the beginning.

Configure the mode at Set up Group "CONTROL", function prompt "PWRUP". See Table 6-7 CONTRL Group (Numeric Code 800) Function Prompts in Section 6.7– Control Set Up Group.

PV Start

This function determines whether LSP1 or PV is used as the setpoint when the controller is initially changed from HOLD to RUN.

The selections are:

DISABL = When initially changed from HOLD to RUN the present LSP1 value is captured as the default setpoint. If the program is terminated or the power cycled before the program has completed, the LSP1 is used as the control setpoint. The beginning uses this value as the initial ramp setpoint.

ENABL = When initially changed from HOLD to RUN the present PV value is captured and used as the beginning setpoint value for the ramp. If the program is terminated before completion, the setpoint value will revert back to the PV value captured at the initial HOLD to RUN transition. If the power is cycled before program completion, upon power-up the setpoint is set to the PV value at power-up and when the ramp is restarted that setpoint value is used initially.

5 Appendix A - Environmental and Operating Conditions

Operating Limits	Ambient Temperature: 32 °F to 131 °F (0 °C to 55 °C) Relative Humidity: 5% to 90% RH up to 104 °F (40 °C) Vibration: Frequency: 0 Hz to 200 Hz Acceleration: 0.6g Mechanical Shock: Acceleration: 5 g
	Acceleration: 5 g Duration: 30 ms Power: 90 Vac to 264 Vac, 50/60 Hz (CSA models rated to 250 Vac maximum) Power Consumption: 12 VA maximum
Accuracy	± 0.25% of span typical ± 1 digit for display 15-bit resolution typical
CE Conformity Special Conditions (Europe)	Shielded twisted-pair cables are required for all analog I/O, process variable, RTD, thermocouple, dc Millivolts, low level signal, 4-20 mA, digital I/O, and computer interface circuits.

6 Appendix B – Parameter Configurations

6.1 Timer Set Up Group

Introduction

The Timer Set Up group allows you to configure a time-out period and to select the timer start by either the keyboard (**RUN/HOLD** key) or Alarm 2. The optional digital input can also be configured to start the timer. The timer display is selectable as either "time remaining" (*TREM*) or "elapsed time" (*ET*).

Alarm 1 is activated at the end of the time-out period. When the timer is enabled, it has exclusive control of the alarm 1 relay—any previous alarm 1 configuration is ignored. At time-out, the timer is ready to be activated again by whatever action has been configured.

Prompt		Description	Selectio	Factory	
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
TIMER	101	Enable or Disable Timer	0 1	DIS ENAB	DIS
PERIOD	102	Time-out Period		0:00 to 99:59 Select length of time in Hours and Minutes, or Minutes and Seconds.	0:01
START	103	Timer Function Start	0 1	KEY (Run/Hold key) AL2 (Alarm 2)	KEY
L DISP	104	Timer Display	0 1	TREM (time remaining) ET (elapsed time)	TREM
RESET	105	Timer Reset Control	0 1	KEY (Run/Hold key) AL1 (Alarm 1 or Key)	KEY
INCRMT	106	Timer Count Increment	0 1	MIN (Counts HR/MIN) SEC (Counts MIN/SEC)	MIN

Function Prompts Table 6-1 TIMER Group (Numeric Code 100) Function Prompts

6.2 Tuning Set Up Group

Introduction

Tuning consists of establishing the appropriate values for the tuning constants you are using so that your controller responds correctly to changes in process variable and setpoint. You can start with predetermined values but you will have to watch the system to see how to modify them. **The Accutune feature automatically selects Gain, Rate, and Reset on demand.**



Because this group contains functions that have to do with security and lockout, we recommend that you configure this group last, after all other configuration data has been loaded.

Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selectio	Factory	
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
PB or GAIN	201	Proportional Band or Gain		PB = 0.1% to 1000% Gain = 0.01 to 1000	10.00 -
RATE T	202	Rate in Minutes		0.00 to 10.00 minutes 0.08 or less = OFF	0.00
I MIN or I RPM	203	Reset in minutes/repeat Reset in repeats/minute		0.02 to 50.00 0.02 to 50.00	- 1.20
MANRST	204	Manual Reset		-100% to 100% Output	0
PB 2 or GAIN 2	205	Proportional Band 2 or Gain 2		PB = 0.1% to 1000% Gain = 0.01 to 1000	5.00
RATE2T	206	Rate 2 in Minutes		0.00 to 10.00 minutes 0.08 or less = OFF	0.20
I2 MIN or I2 RPM	207	Reset in minutes/repeat Reset in repeats/minute		0.02 to 50.00 0.02 to 50.00	- 1.30

Table 6-2 TUNING Group (Numeric Code 200) Function Prompts

Pro	mpt	Description	Selection	n or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
CYC T1 or CT1X3	208	Cycle Time (Heat) Cycle times are in either second or 1/3 second increments depending upon the configuration of RLY TYP in the "Algorithm" Set Up group.		1 to 120	10
CYC2T2 or CT2 X3	209	Cycle Time (Cool) Cycle times are in either second or 1/3 second increments depending upon the configuration of RLY TYP in the "Algorithm" Set Up group.		1 to 120	10
SECUR	210	Security Code		0 to 4095	0
LOCK	211	Lockout	0 1 2 3 4	NONE CAL CONF VIEW ALL	CAL
AUTOMA	212	Auto/Manual Key Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB
A TUNE	213	Autotune Key Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB
RN HLD	214	Run/Hold Key Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB
SP SEL	215	Setpoint Select Function Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB

6.3 SP Ramp Set Up Group

Introduction

A *single setpoint ramp* [**SPRAMP**] can be configured to occur between the current local setpoint and a final local setpoint over a time interval of from 1 to 255 minutes.

SPRATE lets you configure a *specific rate of change* for any local setpoint change.

You can also configure a 12-segment program from a Ramp/Soak profile.

You can start and stop the ramp/program using the **RUN/HOLD** key.

PV Hot Start is standard and means that at power up, the setpoint is set to the current PV value and the Ramp or Rate or Program then starts from this value.

 Table 6-3 SPRAMP Group (Numeric Code 300) Function Prompts

Pro	mpt	Description	Select	Selection or Range of Setting	
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
SP RAMP	301	Single Setpoint Ramp <i>Rate and Program</i> <i>must be disabled</i>	0 1	DIS ENAB	DIS
TI MIN	301	Single Setpoint Ramp Time		0 to 255 Minutes	3
FINLSP	302	Setpoint Ramp Final Setpoint		Enter a value within the setpoint limits	1000
PVSTRT	316	Program starts at PV value	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB
SPRATE	304	Setpoint Rate Ramp and Program must be disabled	0 1	DIS ENAB	DIS
EUHRUP	305	Rate Up		0 to 9999 in Engineering units per hour	0
EUHRDN	306	Rate Down		0 to 9999 in Engineering units per hour	0

6.4 Accutune Set Up Group

Introduction

Accutune II automatically calculates GAIN, RATE, and RESET TIME (PID) tuning constants for your control loop. When initiated on demand, the Accutune algorithm measures a process step response and automatically generates the PID tuning constants needed for no overshoot on your process.

Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression, when enabled, will suppress or eliminate any overshoot that may occur as a result of the existing tuning parameters, as the PV approaches the setpoint.

Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection	Factory	
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
FUZZY	401	Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression	0 1	DIS ENAB	DIS
TUNE	402	Demand Tuning	0 1	DIS TUNE	TUNE
AT ERR	403	Accutune Error Codes (Read Only)	0 3 4 5	NONE IDFL ABRT RUN	

Table 6-4 ATUNE Group (Numeric Code 400) Function Prompts

6.5 Algorithm Set Up Group

Introduction

This data deals with various algorithms in the controller: Control algorithm, Output algorithm, Current Duplex Range, and Relay Cycle Time Increment.

Prompt		Description	Select	ion or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
CTRALG	501	Control Algorithm	0 1 2 3 4	ONOF PIDA PIDB PDMR TPSC (3 position step)	PIDA
OUTALG	502	Output Algorithm	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	RLY (Time simplex Relay 1) RLY2 (Time simplex Relay 2) CUR (Current simplex) TPSC (3 Position step) RLYD (Time duplex) CURD (Current duplex) CURT (Current/time duplex) TCUR (Time/current duplex)	RLY
RLYTYP	504	Relay Cycle Time Increment	0	MECH (one sec. increments) S S (1/3 sec increments)	MECH

6.6 Input 1 Set Up Group

 Table 6-6
 INPUT1 Group (Numeric Code 600) Function Prompts

Pro	mpt	Description	Selec	tion or Ra	ange of Se	etting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code		English		Setting
DECMAL	601	Decimal Point Selection	0 1 2	8888 (no 888.8 88.88	ne)		8888
UNITS	602	Temperature Units	1 2 0	F C NONE			F
			Numeric	English	Numeric	English	
IN1TYP	603	Input 1 Actuation Type	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	B E H J H J L K H K L NNMH N90H N90L NIC R S T H T L	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 33	W H W L 100H 200 500 RADH RADI 0-20 4-20 10m 50m 0-5 1-5 0-10 100m	КН
XMITR1	604	Transmitter Characterization	Numeric 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	English B E H E L J H J L K H K L NNMH NNML N90H N90L NIC R	Numeric 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	English S T H T L W H W L 100H 100L 200 500 RADH RADI LIN SrT	LIN

Pro	mpt	Description	Selec	tion or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
IN1 HI	605	Input 1 High Range Value		–999 to 9999 floating in engineering units	2400
IN1 LO	606	Input 1 Low Range Value		–999 to 9999 floating in engineering units	0.00
RATIO1	607	Ratio on Input 1		-20.0 to 20.0	1.0
BIAS 1	608	Bias on Input 1		-999 to 9999	0.0
FILTR1	609	Filter for Input 1		0 to 120 seconds 0 = No Filter	1
BRNOUT	610	Burnout Protection (Sensor Break)	0 1 2 3	NONE UP (Upscale) DOWN (Downscale) NOFS (No Failsafe)	UP
EMISS	611	Emissivity		0.01 to 1.00 (RADH & RADI only)	1.0
FREQ	612	Power Line Frequency	0 1	60 50	60
LNGUAG	614	Language Selection	0 1 2 3 4 5	ENGL FREN GERM SPAN ITAL NUMB (Numeric)	ENGL

6.7 Control Set Up Group

Introduction

The functions listed in this group deal with how the controller will control the process including: Number of Tuning Parameter Sets, Setpoint Source, Tracking, Power-up Recall, Setpoint Limits, Output Direction and Limits, Deadband, and Hysteresis.

Function Prompts

Pror	npt	Description	Selec	ction or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
PIDSET	801	Number of Tuning Parameter Sets	0 1 2 3	ONE 2KBD (Keyboard) 2 PR (PV switch) 2 SP (SP switch)	ONE
SW VAL	802	Automatic Switchover Value		Value in engineering units within PV or SP range limits	0.00
LSP'S	803	Local Setpoint Source	0 1	ONE TWO	ONE
SP TRK	805	Setpoint Tracking	0 1 2	NONE PROC (LSP tracks PV– manual) RSP (N/A-do not use)	NONE
PWR UP	806	Power Up Controller Mode Recall	0 1 2 3 4	MAN (Manual/LSP/Failsafe) ALSP (Auto/last LSP) ARSP (N/A-Auto/last RSP) AMSP (Last mode/last SP) AMLS (Last mode/last LSP)	AMLS
PWROUT	807	TPSC (Three Position Step Control) Output Start-up Mode	0 1	LAST (Last output) FSAF (Failsafe output)	LAST
SP Hi	808	Setpoint High Limit		0 to 100 % of the PV range	2400
SP Lo	809	Setpoint Low Limit		0 to 100 % of the PV range	0.00
ACTION	810	Control Output Direction	0 1	DIR REV	REV

Table 6-7 CONTRL Group (Numeric Code 800) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selec	ction or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
OUT Hi	811	High Output Limit		-5 to 105 % of Output (Current)	100.0
				0.0 to 100.0 % of Output (Relay)	
OUT Lo	812	Low Output Limit		-5 to 105 % of Output (Current)	0.0
				0.0 to 100.0 % of Output (Relay)	
D BAND	813	Deadband		-5 to 25.0 % (Time Duplex)	2.0
				0.5 to 5.0 % (3 position step)	
HYST	814	Hysteresis (Output Relay Only)		0.0 to 100.0 % of PV	0.5
FAILSF	815	Failsafe Output		0 to 100 %	0.0
	816	Value	0 1	<i>For 3 Position Step</i> 0 (Closed position) 100 (Open position)	
FSMODE	817	Failsafe Mode	0	No L (Mode does not clear	NO L
			1	once unit goes to FS Output) LACH (Unit goes to manual and FS output)	
PBorGN	818	Proportional Band Units	0 1	GAIN PB	PB
MINRPM	819	Reset Units	0 1	MIN RPM	RPM

6.8 Options Set Up Group

 Table 6-8
 Options Group (Numeric Code 900) Function Prompts

Pro	mpt	Description	Sele	ction or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
AUXOUT	901	Auxiliary Output	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	DIS Disabled IN1 Input 1 IN2 Input 2 PROC Process Variable DEV Deviation OUT Output SP Setpoint LSP1 Local Setpoint 1	OUT
0 PCT	902	Auxiliary Output Low Scaling Factor		Value in Engineering Units	0.0
100 PCT	903	Auxiliary Output High Scaling Factor		Value in Engineering Units	100.0
DIG IN	904	Digital Input	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	None MAN To Manual LSP To Local SP 1 SP2 To Local SP 2 DIR Direct Control HOLD Hold SPP/SP Ramp PID2 PID Set 2 RUN Start a stopped SPP/SP Ramp Begn SPP Reset NO I Inhibit Integral MNFS Manual, Failsafe Output LOCK Keyboard Disable TIMR Start Timer TUNE Start Tune INIT Init SP to PV RSP Remote SP MNLT Latching Manual TRAK Output tracks Input 2	NONE
DI COM	905	Digital Input Combinations	0 1 2 3 4 5	DISDisabled+ PD2PID Set 2+ DIRDirect+ SP2Set Point 2+ SP1Set Point 1+ RUNStart SPP	DIS

6.9 Communications Set Up Group

 Table 6-9
 Communications Group (Numeric Code 1000)

Pror	npt	Description	Sele	ction or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
COMSTA	1001	Communications State	0 1 2	DIS Disabled R422 (N/A do not use) MODB (N/A do not use)	DIS

6.10 Alarms Set Up Group

Table 6-10 ALARMS Grou	o (Numeric Code 1100) Function Prompts
------------------------	----------------------	--------------------

Prom	npt	Description	Sel	ection or Range of Setting	Factory
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	Setting
AxSxVA A1S1 A1S2 A2S1 A2S2	1101 1102 1103 1104	Alarm Setpointx Value X = 1 or 2		within the range of the selected parameter or of the PV Span for Deviation configurations	90
AxSxTY A1S1 A1S2 A2S1 A2S2	1105 1106 1107 1108	Alarmx Setpointx Type X = 1 or 2	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	NONE No Alarm IN 1 Input 1 IN 2 Input 2 (do not use) PROC Process Variable DE Deviation OUT Output SHED Shed Com (do not use) E-ON Event ON (do not use) E-OF Event OFF (do not use) MAN Alarm on Manual RSP Remote (do not use) FSAF Failsafe P_RT PV Rate of Change DI Alarm on Digital Input DE II DEV Alarm SP2 based BRAK Loop break alarm	NONE
AxSxHL A1S1 A1S2 A2S1 A2S2	1109 1110 1111 1112	Alarmx Setpoint State X = 1 or 2	0 1	LOW Low Alarm HIGH High Alarm	HIGH
ALHYST	1113	Alarm Hysteresis		0.0 to 100.0 % of span or full output as appropriate	0.1
ALARM1	1114	Latching Alarm Output	0 1	NO L LACH	NO L
BLOCK	1115	Alarm Blocking	0 1 2 3	DIS Disable Blocking BK1 Block Alarm 1 only BK2 Block Alarm 2 only BK12 Blocks both Alarms	DIS

7 Appendix C - Configuration Record Sheet

Enter the value or selection for each prompt on this sheet so you will have a record of how your controller was configured.

Group Prompt	Function Prompt	Value or Selection	Factory Setting	Group Prompt	Function Prompt	Value or Selection	Factory Setting
TIMER	TIMER PERIOD START L DISP RESET INCRMT		DIS 0:01 KEY TREM KEY MIN	ATUNE	FUZZY TUNE AT ERR		DIS TUNE
TUNING	PB or GAIN RATE T I MIN or I RPM MANRST PB2 or GAIN 2 RATE2T I2 MIN or I2 RPM CYCT1 or CT1X3 CYC2T2orCT2X3 SECUR LOCK AUTOMA A TUNE RN HLD SP SEL		10.00 0.00 1.20 0 5.00 0.20 1.30 10 10 0 CAL ENAB ENAB ENAB ENAB	ALGOR	CTRALG OUTALG RLYTYP		PIDA RLY MECH
SPRAMP	SPRAMP TI MIN FINLSP PVSTRT SPRATE EUHRUP EUHRDN		DIS 3 1000 ENAB DIS 0 0	INPUT1	DECIMAL UNITS IN1TYP XMITR1 IN1 HI IN1 LO RATIO1 BIAS 1 FILTR1 BRNOUT EMIS FREQ LNGUAG		8888 F K H LIN 2400 0.00 1.0 0.0 1 UP 1.0 60 ENGL

Group Prompt	Function Prompt	Value or Selection	Factory Setting	Group Prompt	Function Prompt	Value or Selection	Factory Setting
CONTRL	PIDSET SW VAL LSP'S SP TRK PWR UP PWROUT SP Hi SP Lo ACTION OUT Hi OUT Lo D BAND HYST FAILSF FSMODE PBorGN MINRPM		ONE 0.00 ONE NONE AMLS LAST 2400 0.00 REV 100.0 0.0 2.0 0.5 0.0 NO L PB RPM	СОМ	ComSTA		Disabl e
OPTIONS	AUXOUT 0 PCT 100 PCT DIG IN DIG COM		OUT 0.0 100.0 NONE DIS	ALARMS	A1S1VA A1S2VA A2S1VA A2S2VA A1S1TY A1S1TY A2S1TY A2S2TY A1S1HL A1S2HL A2S1HL A2S1HL A2S2HL ALHYST ALARM1 BLOCK		90 90 90 NONE NONE NONE HIGH HIGH HIGH HIGH 0.1 NO L DIS



Offered By: Power Equipment Company 2011 Williamsburg Road Richmond, Virginia 23231 Phone (804) 236-3800 Fax (804) 236-3882

www.peconet.com